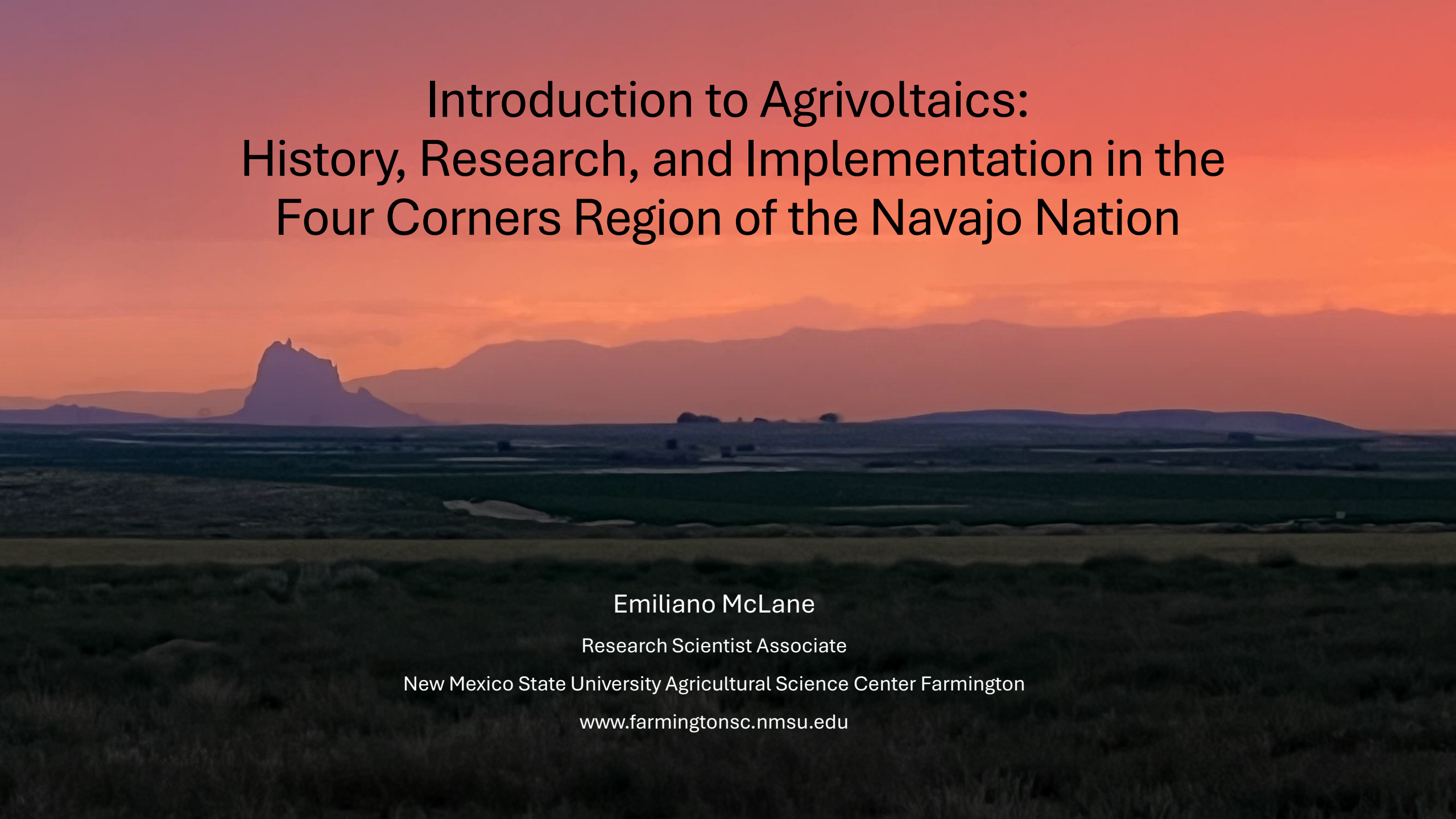




Introduction to Agrivoltaics: History, Research, and Implementation in the Four Corners Region of the Navajo Nation

Emiliano McLane

Research Scientist Associate

New Mexico State University Agricultural Science Center Farmington

www.farmingtonsc.nmsu.edu

About me

Enrolled member of the Te-Moak Tribe of Western Shoshone

Descendant of the Tāp Pīlam Coahuiltecan Nation
Wailaki and Nomlaki tribes of the Round Valley Indian
Reservation

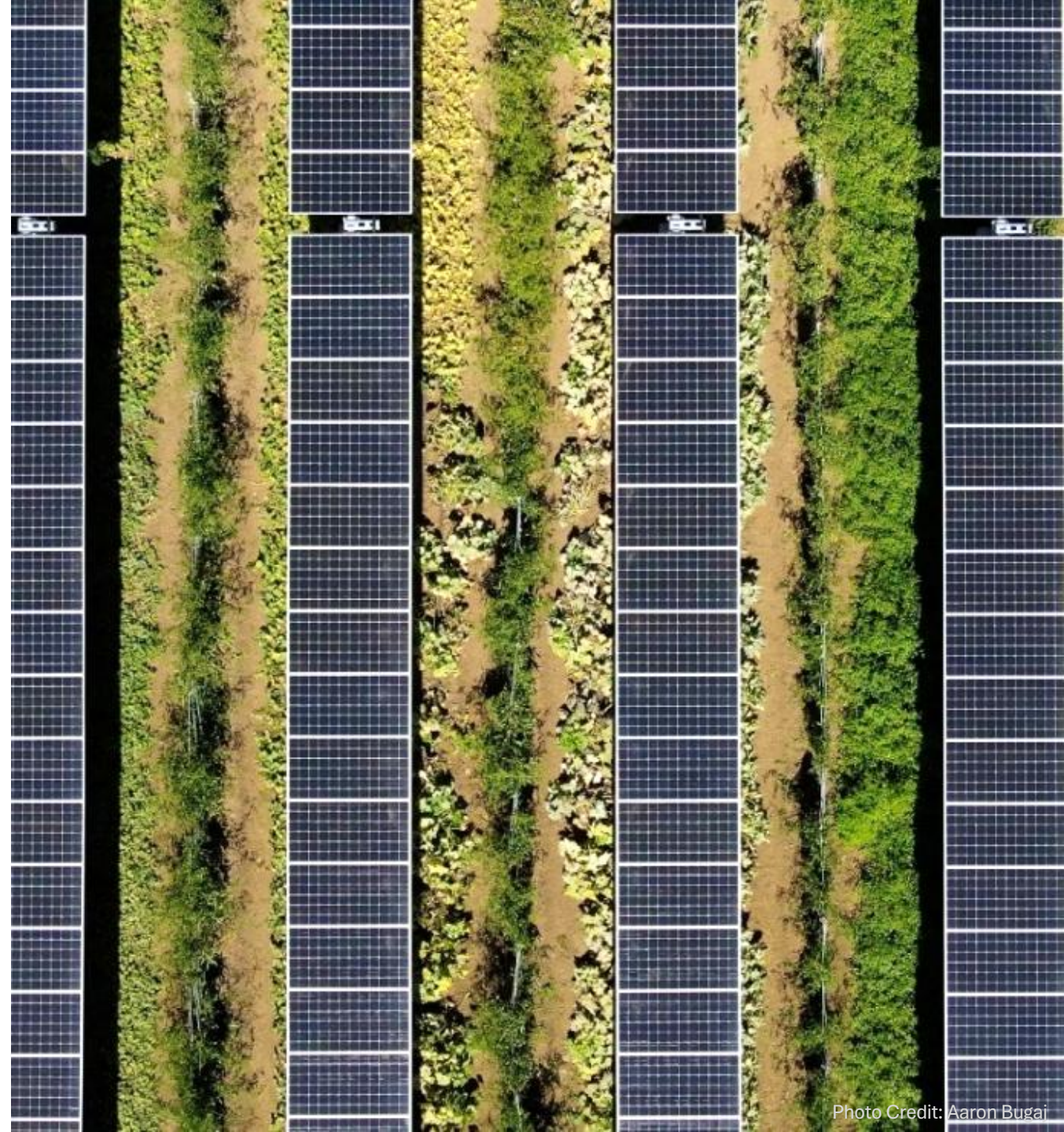
University of Idaho - **Bachelor of Science**
Agricultural Science, Communication, and Leadership

Minor: Agricultural Business, Leadership, and Education

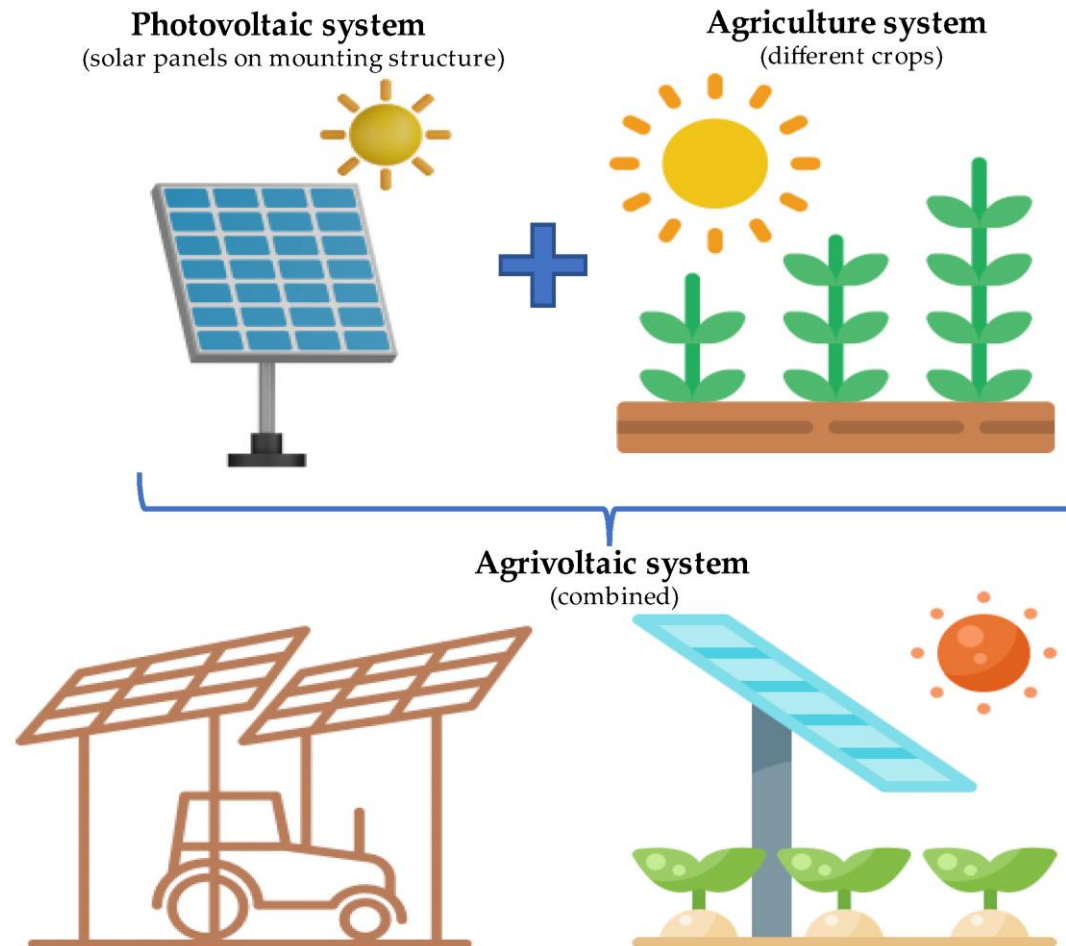
New Mexico State University - **Master of Arts**
Agricultural & Extension Education

Master's Thesis Project Title:

***Integrating Agrivoltaics in the Navajo Nation: A Synthesis of
Research, Community Perceptions, and Demonstration of
Agrivoltaics in the Four Corners Region***



What is Agrivoltaics?





Food Processing



Cold Rooms



Electricity to Communities



Irrigation



Drinking Water



Water for Animals



WATER



ENERGY



FOOD



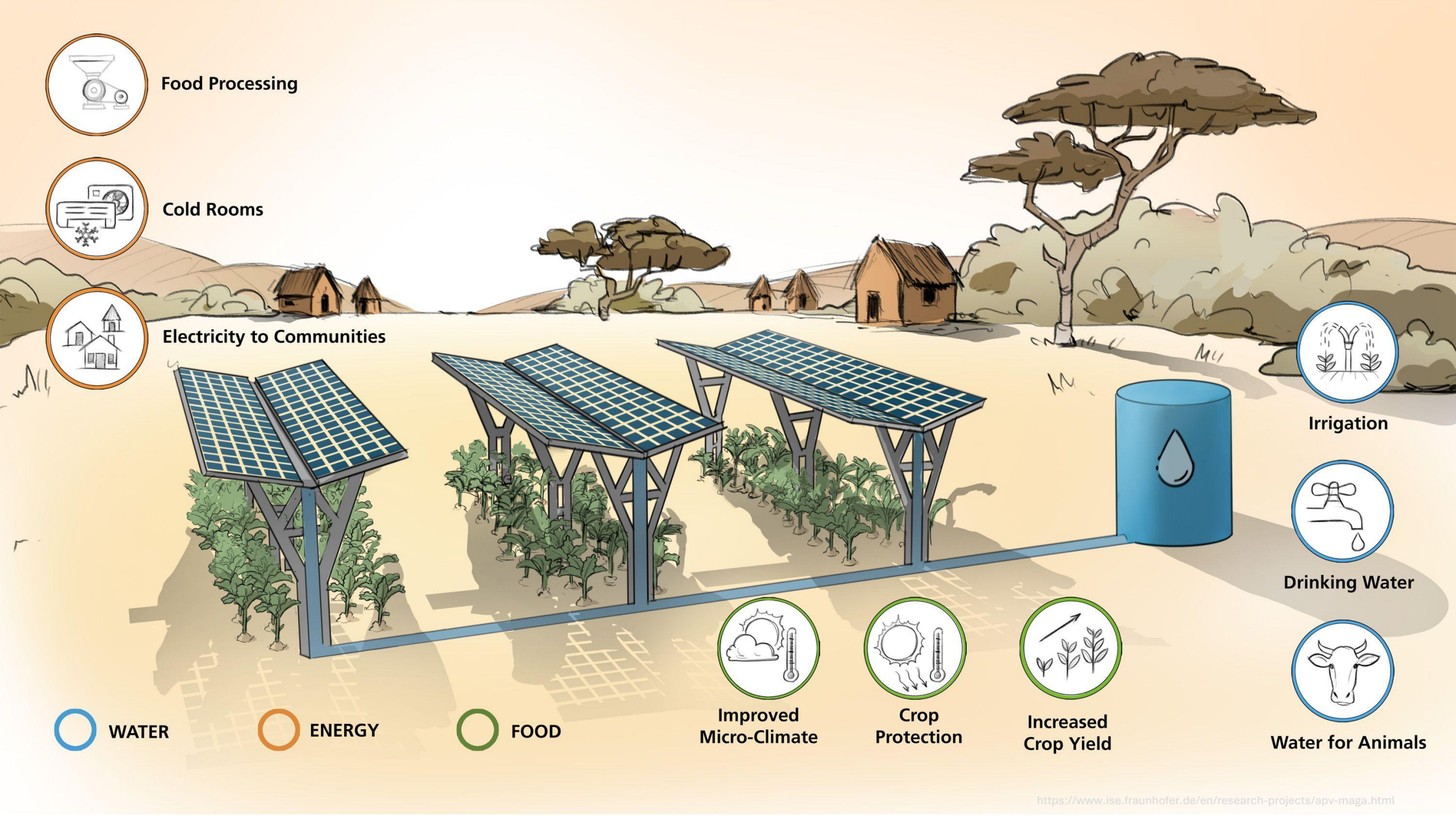
Improved
Micro-Climate

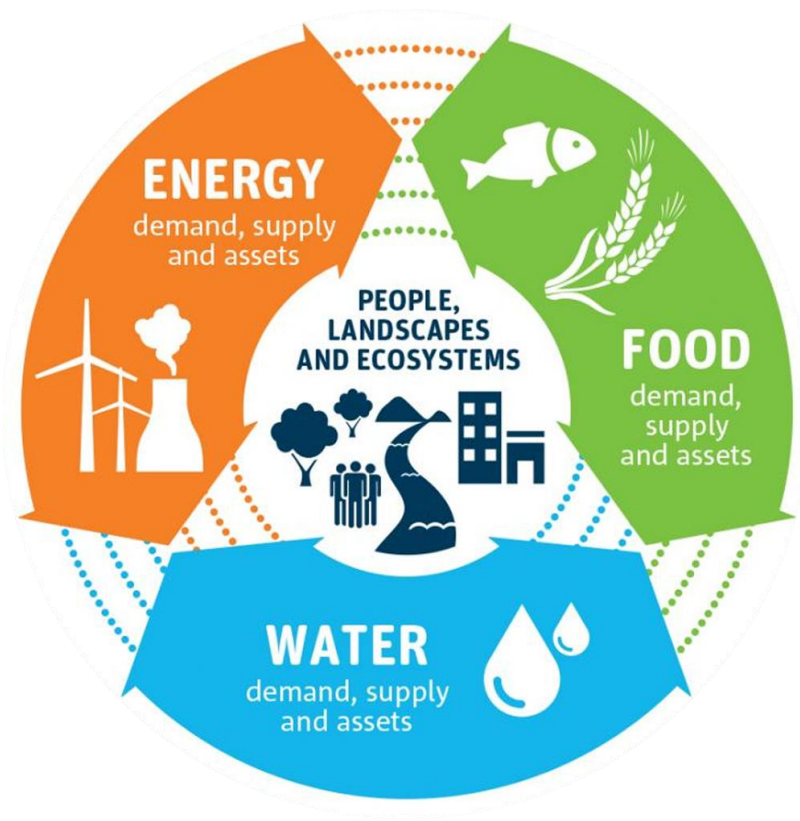


Crop
Protection



Increased
Crop Yield





<https://sandboxsolar.com/agrivoltaics/>

Benefits of Agrivoltaics



<https://standardsolar.com/blog/how-solar-grazing-supports-agrivoltaics-projects/>

Expansion of Solar Farms

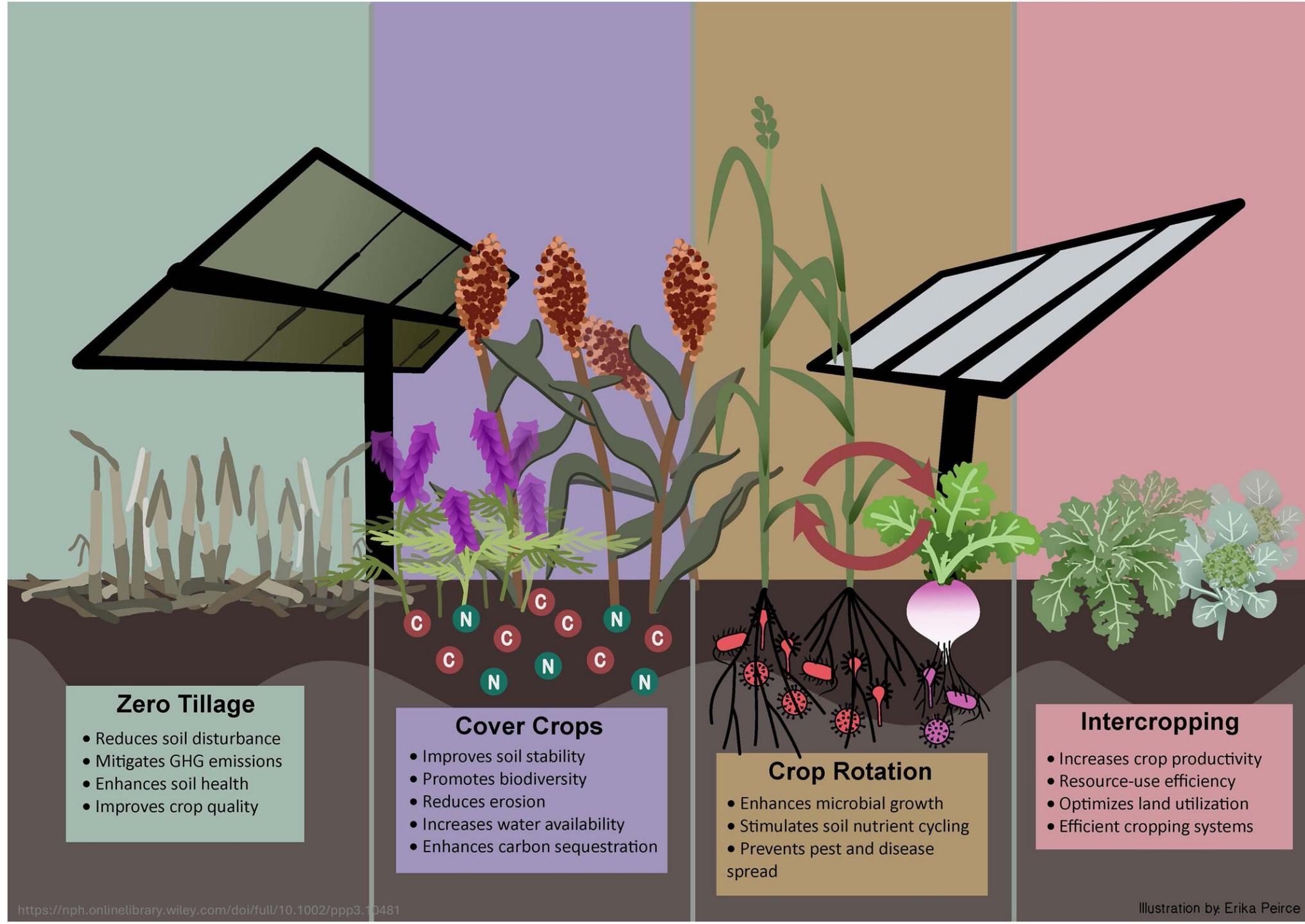
Unused Space Under Solar Panels

Global Warming

Economic Development

Off-Grid Sustainability

Workforce Development



Zero Tillage

- Reduces soil disturbance
- Mitigates GHG emissions
- Enhances soil health
- Improves crop quality

Cover Crops

- Improves soil stability
- Promotes biodiversity
- Reduces erosion
- Increases water availability
- Enhances carbon sequestration

Crop Rotation

- Enhances microbial growth
- Stimulates soil nutrient cycling
- Prevents pest and disease spread

Intercropping

- Increases crop productivity
- Resource-use efficiency
- Optimizes land utilization
- Efficient cropping systems

Relative Advantage



Protects soils, plants, animals, and beneficial insects



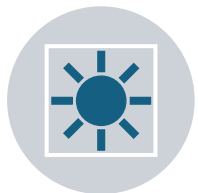
Enhances climate resilience



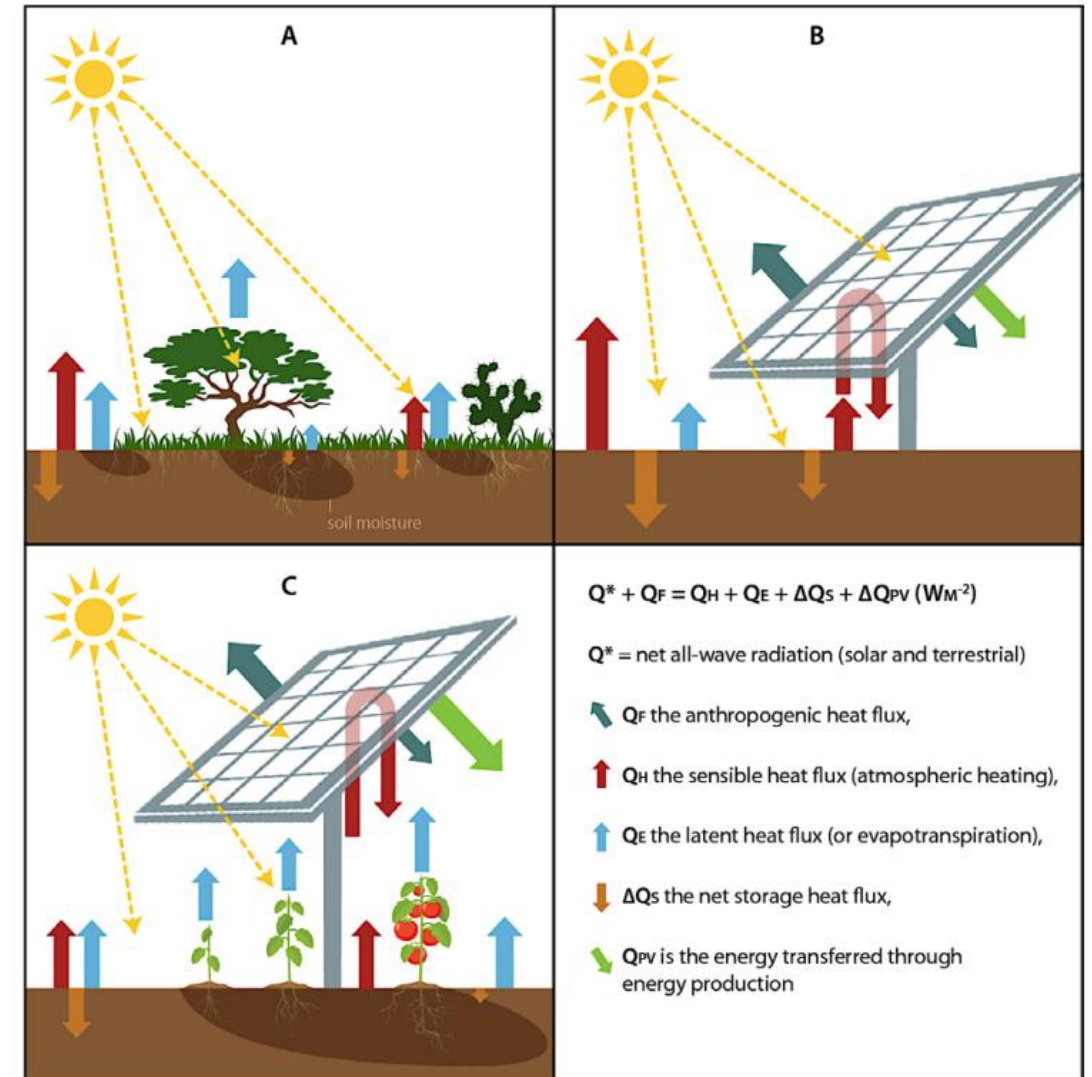
Allows for sustainable energy and food production on a single lot of land



Beneficial to shade-tolerant plants

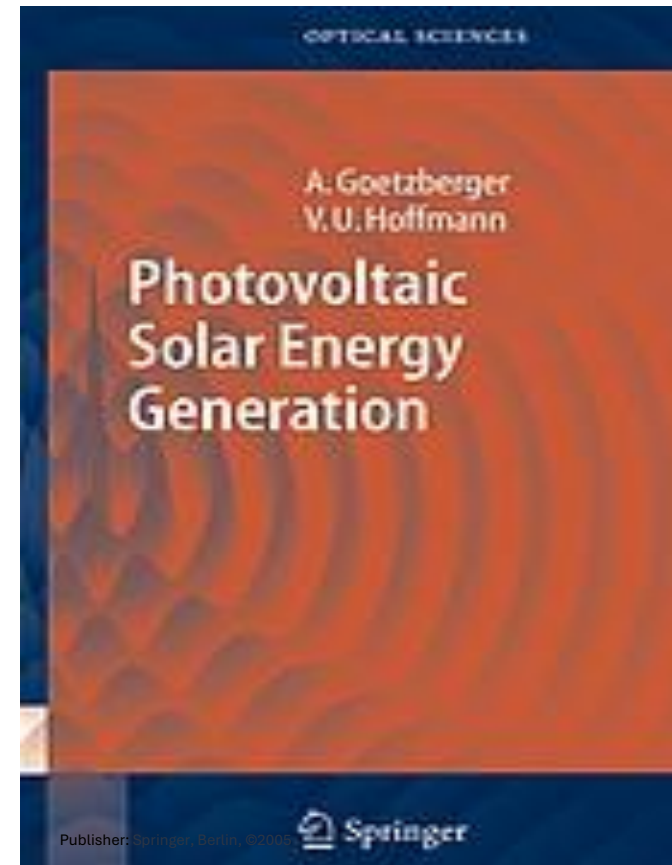


Crops grown under the panels contribute to lowering soil temperatures and increasing solar production performance



Origin/Inventor

Prof. Dr. Adolf Goetzberger



Founder of
Fraunhofer Institute
for Solar Energy
Systems in Freiburg
Im Breisgau

Studied physics
in Munich, Germany
at the University of
Freiburg

Former president of
the International
Solar Energy Society
and the German Solar
Energy Society

Performed his work
on agrivoltaics at Bell
Labs in Palo Alto, CA

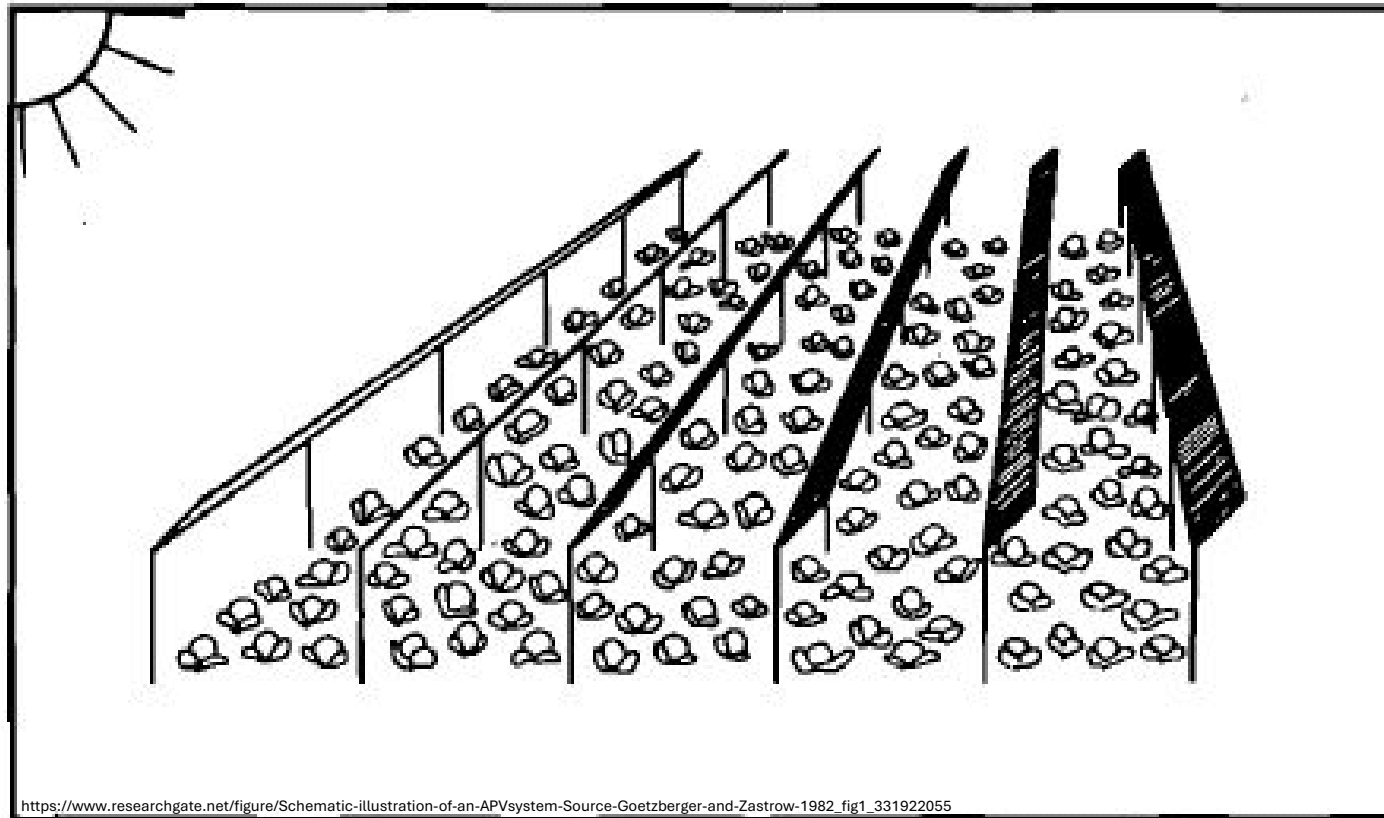
Origin/Inventor

Dr. Armin Zastrow

On the Coexistence of Solar-Energy Conversion and Plant Cultivation

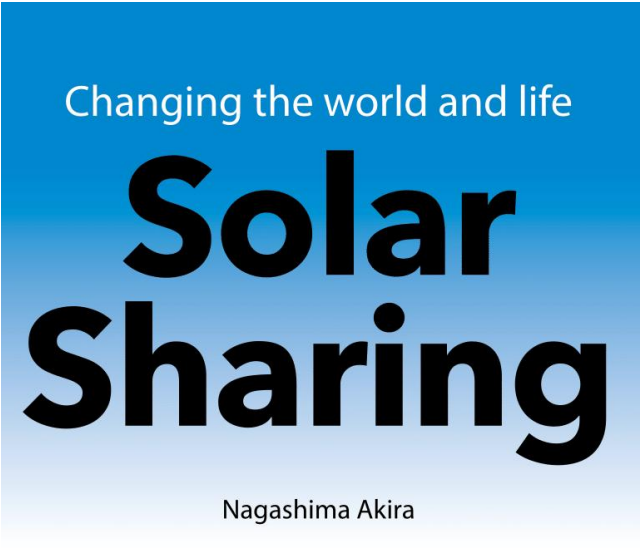
International Journal of Solar Energy

January 1982, Volume 1, Issue 1, Pages 55-69



Implementation

Akira Nagashima



Developed the prototypes in Japan in 2004

3,474 agrivoltaic farms (872.7 ha) 2020

Estimated 500,000 to 600,000 MWh or 0.8% of the total power generated by photovoltaics is from agrivoltaics (2019)

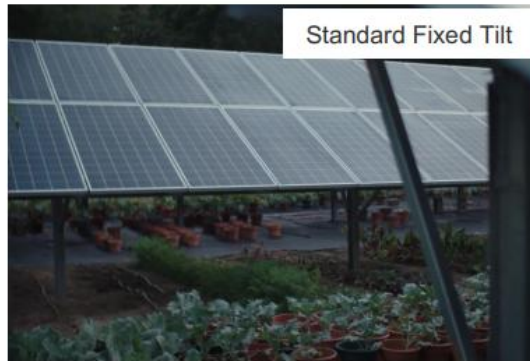
Feed-in tariff policy supports the development of renewable energy sources by guaranteeing high market prices for producers (2012)

In April 2022, an amendment was enforced to preference the development of agrivoltaics.

The Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries (MAFF) established and promoted the development of agrivoltaics (March 2013 and May 2018)

Doedt et al. | AgriVoltaics Conf Proc 1 (2022) "AgriVoltaics World Conference 2022"

Fixed-Tilt



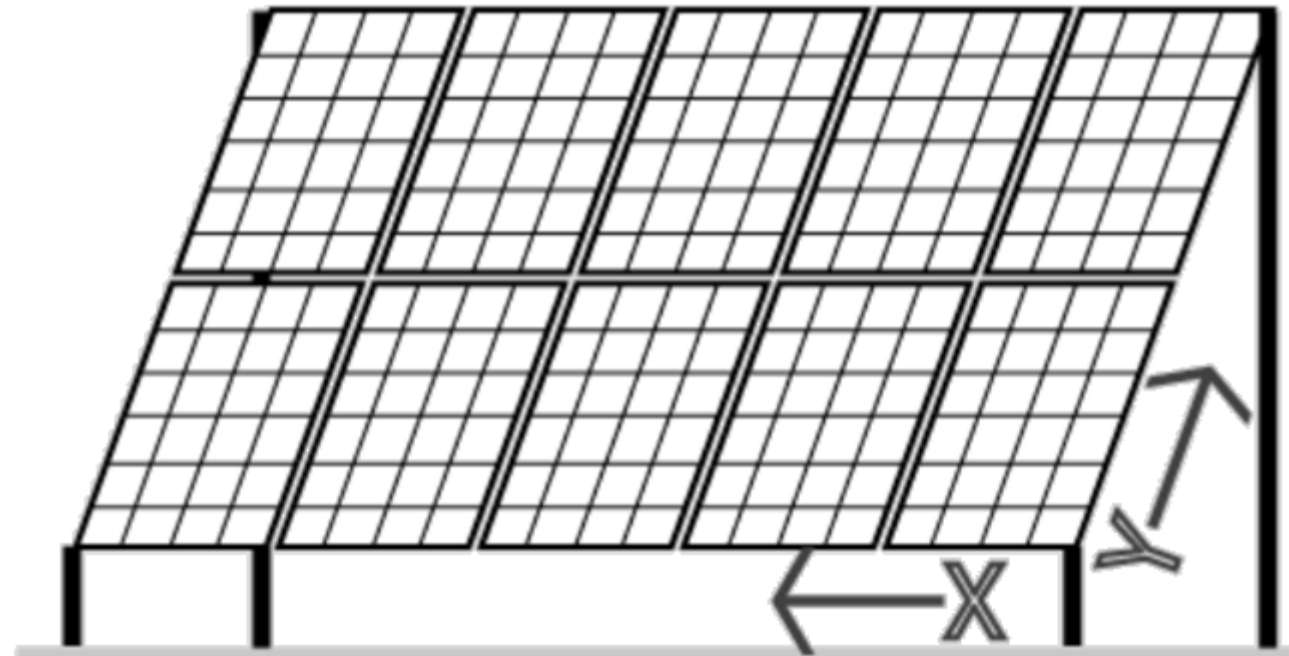
Trackers



Novel



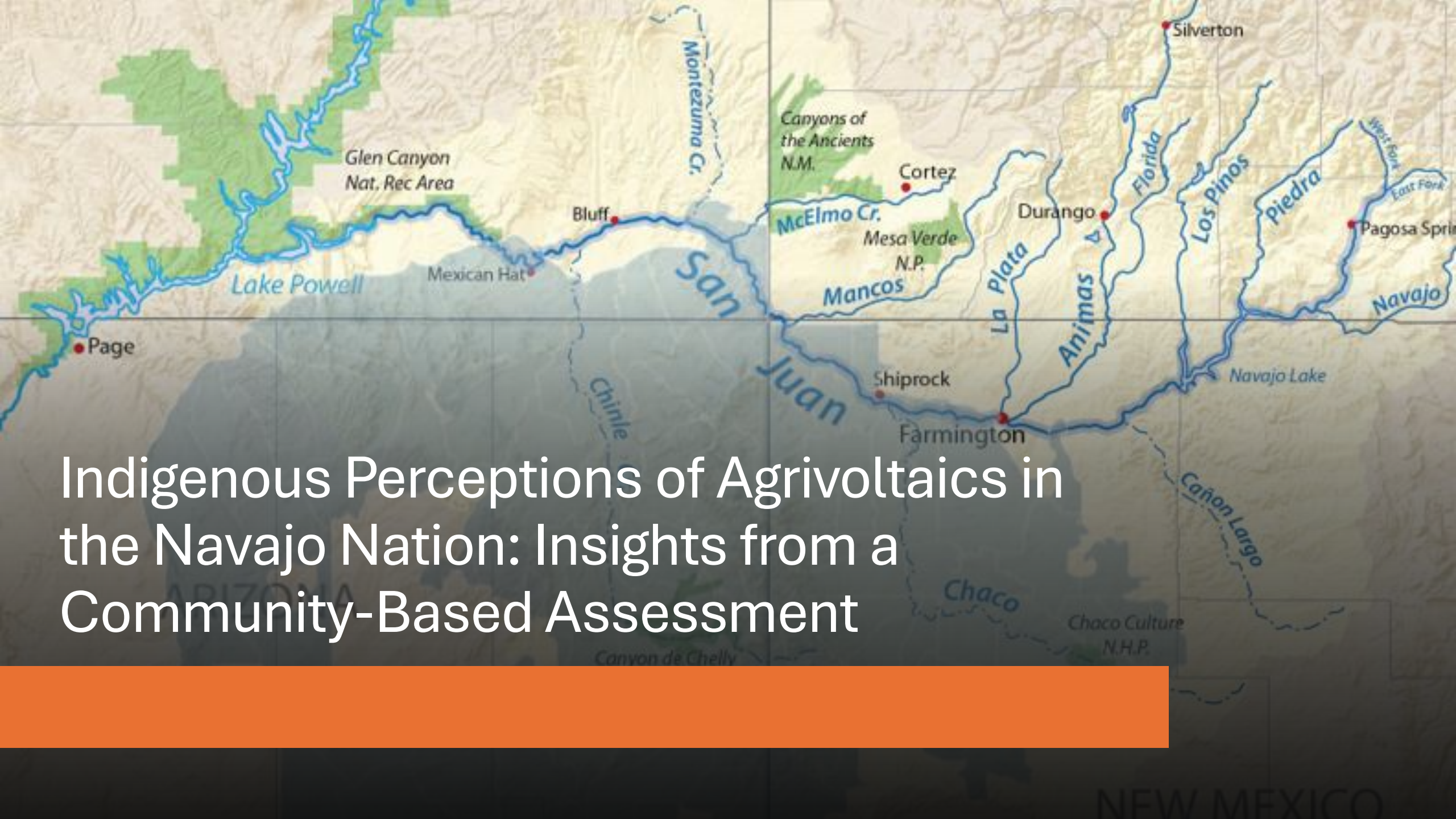
Research



NMSU Agricultural Science Center at Farmington

The mission of the NMSU-ASC Farmington is to *conduct research, demonstration, and educational programs that will best fill the needs of the Agricultural community of San Juan County and the Navajo Nation in particular, and the State of New Mexico, Four Corners Region, and Nation in general*





Indigenous Perceptions of Agrivoltaics in the Navajo Nation: Insights from a Community-Based Assessment

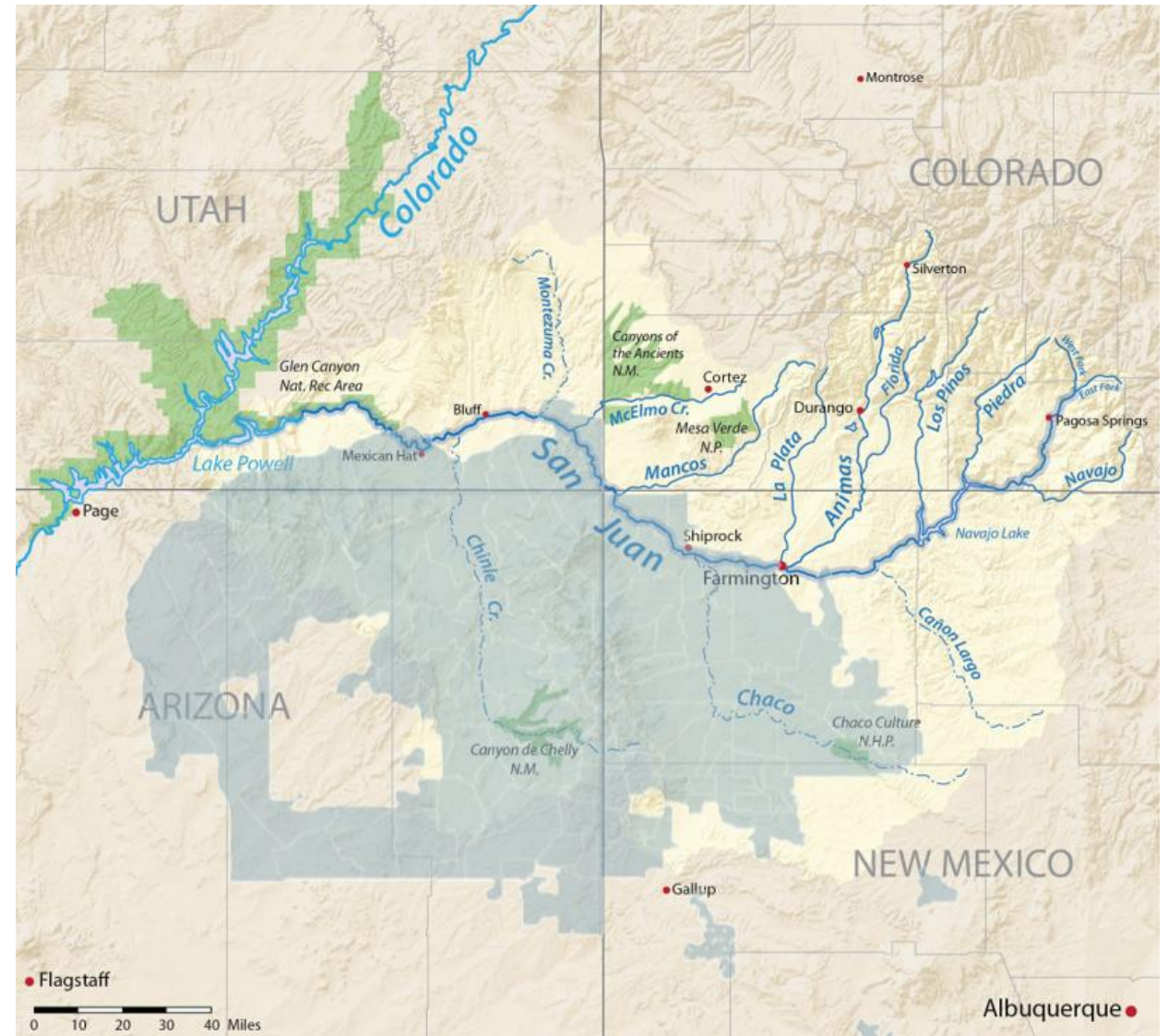
Section 14 – Agrivoltaics (pages 46-52)

Four Corners Indigenous Farm Assessment: Soil, Land-use, Controlled Environment Agriculture and COVID-19 Impacts on Navajo farmers in the San Juan River Valley

Publication by Brandon Francis (2024)

Objective

To assess the interest, experience, and capacity for implementing AgV of Indigenous farmers in the San Juan River Valley on the NN.





4CIFNA Survey

IRB approval was obtained, NMSU
Protocol #:2305060241

Navajo Nation Human Research
Review Board under modification
of protocol #NNR-21.398:
“Assessing Navajo COVID-19 Risk
and Increasing Indigenous
Resilience”

Qualtrics

An online platform that allows users to create and distribute surveys, collect responses, and analyze the resulting data

INTERMOUNTAIN WEST
TRANSFORMATION
NETWORK

THE UNIVERSITY
OF ARIZONA

NM
STATE
UNIVERSITY

Town/Community/Chapter

County?

Next

126 farmers from various Navajo Chapters

- 35 - Shiprock
- 21 - Nenahnezad
- 17 - Upper Fruitland
- 13 - Gadii'ahi
- 13 - Hogback
- 6 - San Juan

Northern Agency chapters outside SJRV had 7 farmers

6 - Eastern Agency

3 - Fort Defiance Agency

1 - Western Agency

The responses were optional, and the participants could choose to end the survey at any time or leave some responses blank. This led to some responses being left unanswered.

Survey Questions

1. Do you have any interest in placing renewable energy infrastructure on your property (e.g. solar panels)?
2. Are you interested in learning about how to support the energy needs of your farm with photovoltaic (solar) panels?
3. Do you have experience working with solar panels?
4. Would you be able to manage a solar energy system on your own?
5. If not, would you be open to receiving training on managing a solar energy system?
6. Have you heard of agrivoltaics?
7. Agrivoltaics creates an environment under the solar panels that uses less water, less nutrients and reduces the heat stress on crops. Would you be interested in learning more about it?
8. If you were able to grow the same crops you are currently growing in an agrivoltaic system, would you do so?

Themes

Q.1 Do you have any interest in placing renewable energy infrastructure on your property (e.g., solar panels)?

Yes=91, No=33 (n=124)



Q.2 Are you interested in learning about how to support the energy needs of your farm with photovoltaic (solar) panels?

Yes=91, No=33 (n=124)



■ Yes ■ No

Strong Interest in Renewable Energy

High willingness (73%) to explore on-farm solar energy solutions.

Demand for education on how PV systems can support agricultural needs.

Themes

Q.3 Do you have experience working with solar panels?

Yes=15, No=109 (n=124)



Q.4 Would you be able to manage a solar energy system on your own?

Yes=56, No=67 (n=123)



■ Yes ■ No

Limited Prior Experience with Solar Technology

88% had no experience working with solar panels.

54% felt unable to independently manage a solar system.

Themes

Q.4 Would you be able to manage a solar energy system on your own?

Yes=56, No=67 (n=123)



Q.5 If not, would you be open to receiving training on managing a solar energy system?

Yes=50, No=17 (n=67)



■ Yes ■ No

Need for Training and Technical Support

46% felt confident managing a solar system but could still benefit from further education.

75% of respondents lacking experience expressed willingness to receive training.

Themes

Q.6 Have you heard of agrivoltaics?

Yes=8, No=115 (n=123)



Q.7 Agrivoltaics creates an environment under the solar panels that uses less water, less nutrients and reduces the heat stress on crops. Would you be interested in learning more about it?

Yes=109, No=15 (n=124)



■ Yes ■ No

Low Awareness but High Interest in Agrivoltaics

94% had no prior knowledge of AgV.

88% wanted to know more, after learning about AgV.

Themes

Q.8 If you were able to grow the same crops you are currently growing in an agrivoltaic system, would you do so?

Yes=109, No=14 (n=123).



■ Yes ■ No

Potential for AgV Adoption

89% were willing to cultivate their current crops under an agrivoltaic system.

Indicates strong adoption potential if adequate resources and support are provided.

Overall theme



Outreach and Education



Need for targeted educational programs and capacity-building initiatives.



Bridging knowledge gaps can facilitate the successful integration of agrivoltaics in Navajo farming communities.

Bridging Knowledge Gaps: Understanding Navajo farmers' perceptions of agrivoltaics is crucial for overcoming adoption barriers and integrating the technology into their farming systems.

Role of Education and Policy: Supportive policies, training programs, and collaborative research efforts are key to facilitating agrivoltaic adoption while respecting traditional land stewardship practices.

Value of Feasibility Studies: Research initiatives provide critical insights into agrivoltaic system acceptance and inform future training, institutional partnerships, and policy development.

Demonstration Projects: Field trials with preferred crops can generate empirical data on crop performance, water use, and long-term viability under agrivoltaic conditions.

Future Work



Economic Feasibility Analysis: Assessing financial impacts, revenue potential, and ownership models for PV infrastructure is essential for small-scale and Indigenous farmers.

Training & Capacity Building: Developing tailored education programs on system maintenance, energy management, and financial planning can empower farmers to manage AgV systems.

Path to Sustainable Integration: Future research should focus on practical, scalable solutions that enhance the economic, environmental, and social benefits of AgV for Navajo communities.



ESTABLISHMENT OF A SMALL-SCALE AGRIVOLTAIC
RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION PLOT ON THE
NAVAJO NATION

Small-scale and demonstration plot



Designed to assess plant growth under PV panels while serving as a demonstration site for visitors at the science center.

Experimental Site Design

Comparison of PV Panel Types

Radish as a Model Crop

Drip Irrigation System

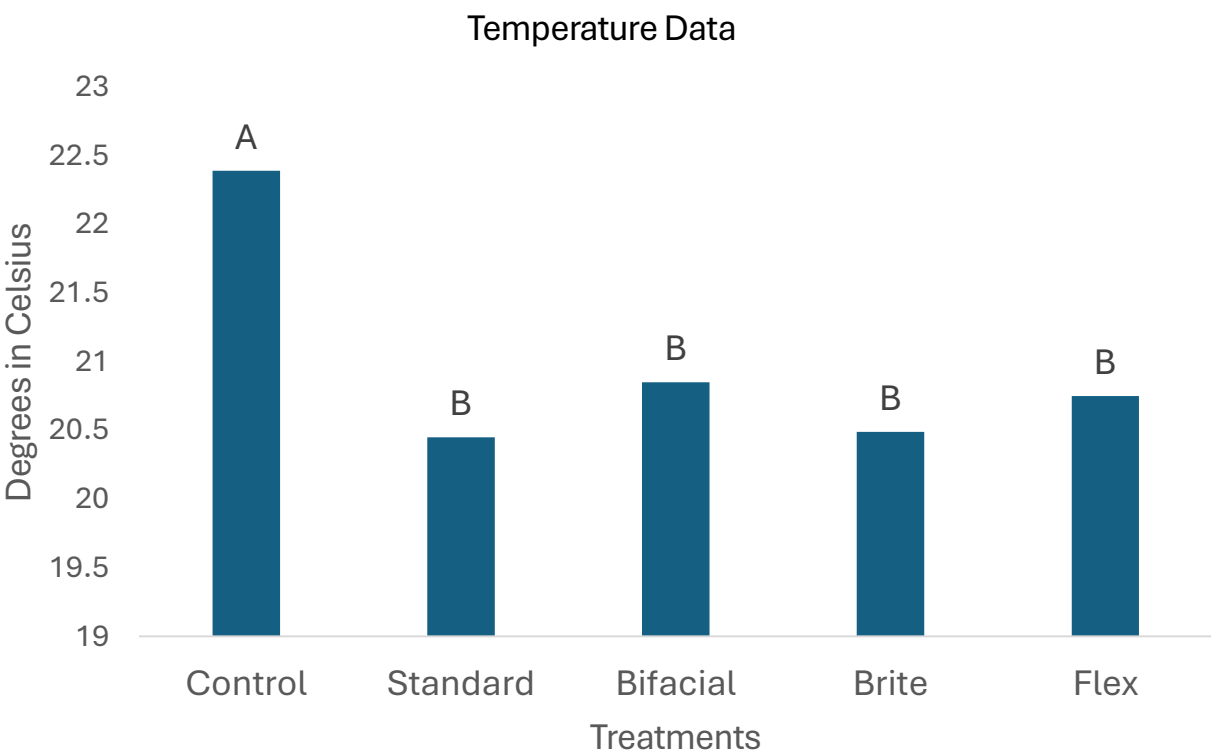
Environmental Monitoring

Data from this pilot study informs the potential benefits of AgV for small-scale agricultural operations.

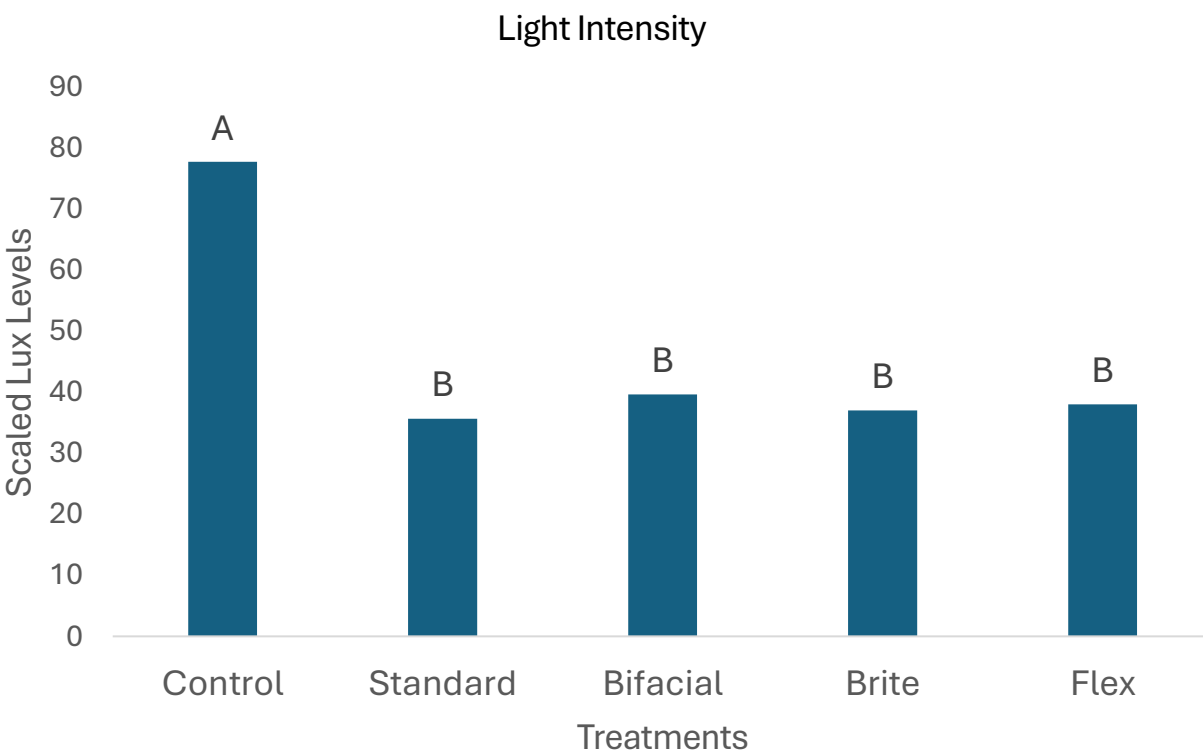
Microclimate Parameters

Light Intensity & Temperature: Key factors influencing plant growth under PV panels.

Temperature Reduction: All agrivoltaic treatments significantly lowered temperatures compared to the Control, though no single treatment stood out.

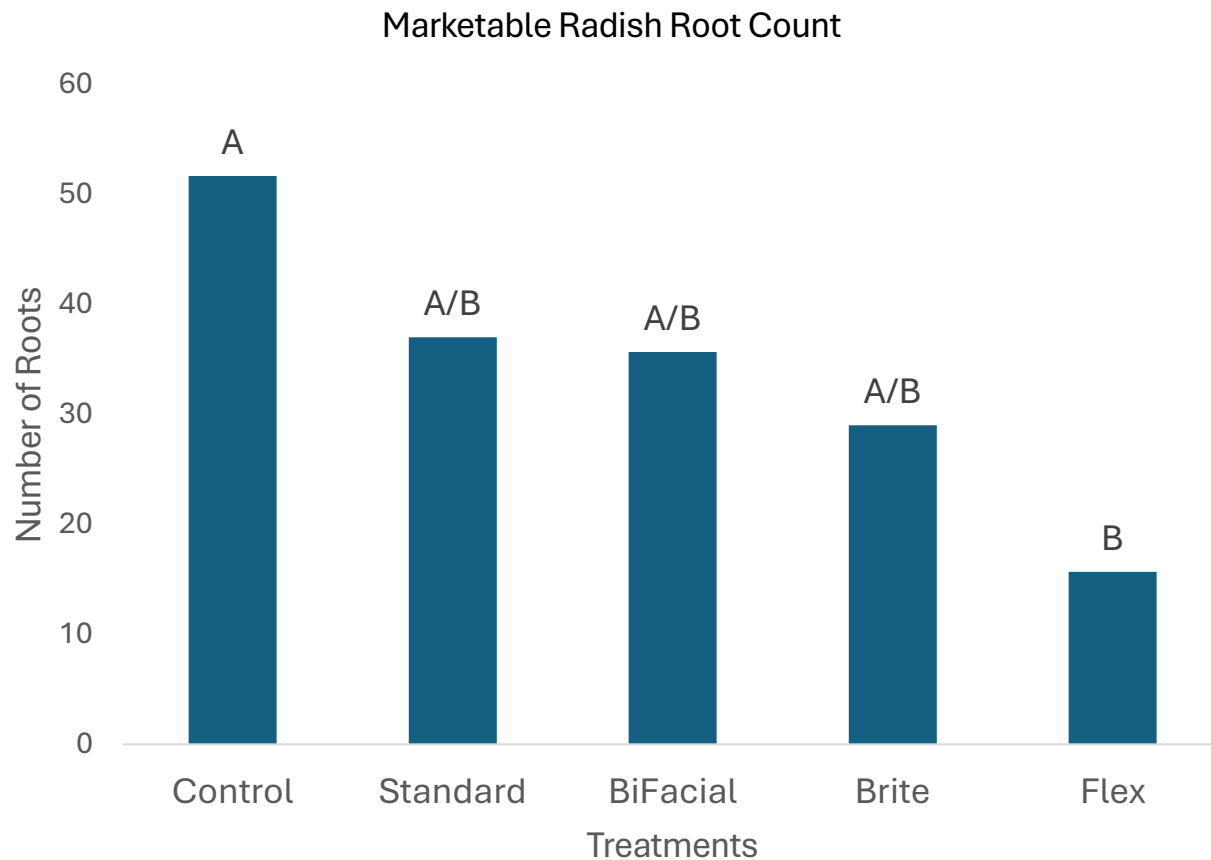


Light Intensity Reduction: PV panel treatments resulted in significantly lower light intensity than the Control, with no differences among them.

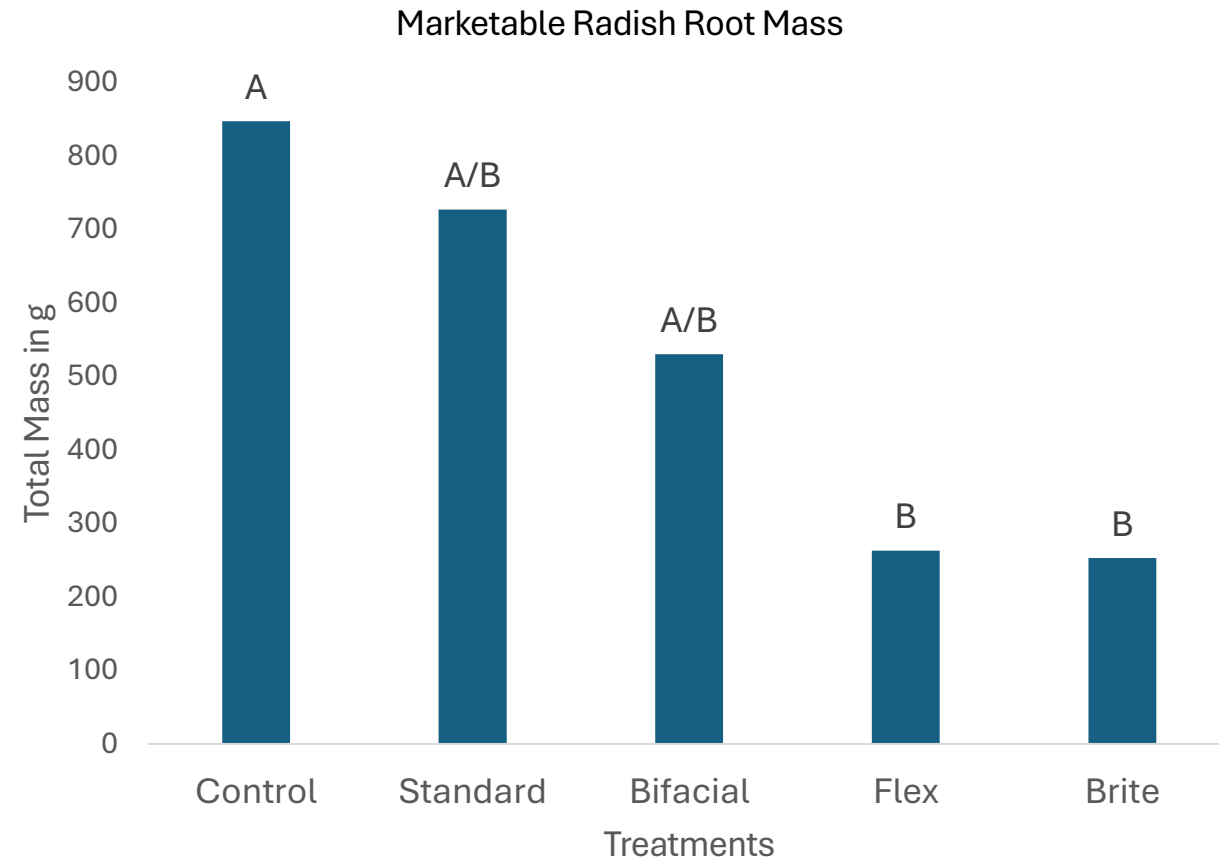


Radish Yield Performance

Root Count (≥ 16 mm): The Control produced the highest number of marketable radishes; Standard, Bifacial, and Brite had intermediate yields, while Flex performed the worst.



Marketable Root Mass (≥ 16 mm): Control had the highest estimated mean, followed by Standard and Bifacial, while Flex and Brite showed the lowest values.





Conclusion

Educational & Outreach Impact

Grow boxes serve as a valuable tool for technology transfer, facilitating hands-on learning through workshops and demonstrations.



Future Research

Long-term trials are needed across multiple growing seasons. Testing a wider range of crops.





Current Research





Tracker Mounted PV Array
50 x Silfab 530 Watt Modules

Tracker Motor

Inverters
AC Combiner
Production Monitoring

Workshops

Community Engagement: Interactive learning experience, introducing community members to agrivoltaic concepts through hands-on participation.

Multi-Format Outreach: Informational booth, Oral presentation, Hands-on grow box assembly.

Increased Awareness: Workshops addressed low awareness of agrivoltaics (as identified in survey data) while generating interest in small-scale AgV systems.

Foundation for Future Projects: These sessions pave the way for continued engagement, encouraging local experimentation with agrivoltaic systems and future collaborations in tribal agricultural sustainability.

Food-Energy-Water Systems: An
Introduction to

BE BOLD. Shape the Future.
College of Agricultural, Consumer
and Environmental Sciences
Agricultural Experiment Station

Agricultural Science Center at Farmington



✶ AGRIVOLTAICS WORKSHOP



Gain knowledge about innovative agricultural practices and Food-Energy-Water nexus by participating in a hands-on event and touring our demonstration site.

**20
SEPTEMBER
2024**

**Start from
10:00 AM – 2:00 PM**

300 County Road 4063
Farmington, NM 87401

Event Highlights:

- Seed Planting
- Hands-On Building
- Painting
- Take Home Your Own Agrivoltaic Grow Box!

Snacks and
refreshments
provided!



If you are an individual with a disability who is in need of an auxiliary aid or service to participate, please contact Corey Benally in advance at 505-960-7757 or coreybenmsu.edu

Agrivoltaic Articles in Google Scholar



Energy Independence & Resilience

Solar power reduces reliance on grid electricity and fossil fuels, making farms less vulnerable to fluctuating energy prices and power outages.

Battery storage can further enhance energy security.



Off-Grid System Examples





<https://na.panasonic.com/us/green-living/new-vision-farming-chickens-sheep-and-solar-panels>



<https://www.agrisolarclearinghouse.org/sweet-deal-beekeeping-at-solar-sites-offers-economic-and-environmental-benefits/>



<https://www.watereducation.org/western-water/solar-paneled-canopies-over-canals-catching-southwest>



<https://www.novergysolar.com/powering-the-future-of-agriculture-with-novergy-solar-water-pumps/>



<https://www.premier1supplies.com/p/electronet-pro-9-35-12-braided-electric-fence>



© Fraunhofer ISE

Illustration of the planned aqua-PV research facility in Vietnam.

<https://www.bmbf-client.de/en/projects/shrimps>

Acknowledgements



New Beginnings for Navajo Students
(USDA Grant #2022-70411-38313)



INTERMOUNTAIN WEST
TRANSFORMATION
NETWORK

National Science Foundation's
Sustainable Regional Systems Program
(NSF Grant #2115169)



New Mexico Attorney General's Office (GR0007668)
Northwest New Mexico Agriculture Restoration
Project

Questions?

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Email: emilmcla@nmsu.edu