

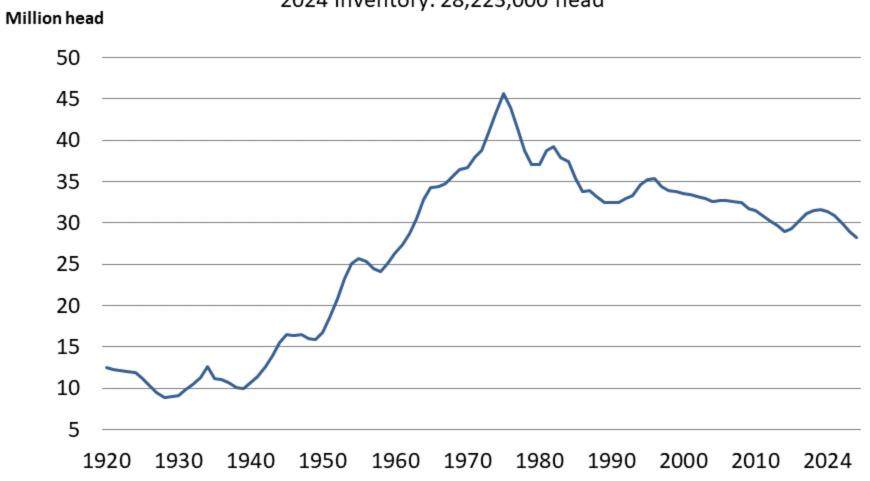


Heifer Selection & Management Dr. Parker Henley



Beef Cow Inventory – United States: January 1

2024 Inventory: 28,223,000 head



Goals of Developing Heifers

- 1. Reach puberty prior to breeding
- 2. Conceive early in first breeding season
- 3. Calve unassisted
- 4. Breed back early in 2nd breeding season
- 5. Have longevity
- 6. Accomplish at low costs





Things to Consider When Selecting a Heifer

- Early Puberty/Fertility
- Milking Ability and Mammary System
- Disposition
- Phenotype
 - Body type and fleshing ability
 - Muscle
 - Structural Soundness
- Growth Rate
- Calving Ease





Selection Timeline

- Birth
 - DOB
 - EPDs
- Weaning

- Yearling-Breeding
 - 50-65% MW
- Pregnancy Check

| Igenity Genetic Effects Table | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------|-------------|
| Maternal Traits | | | | | | | |
| Igenity Scores | Birth Weight | Calving Ease Direct | Calving Ease Maternal | Docility | Heifer Pregnancy Rate | Milk | Stayability |
| | (lbs.) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (lbs.) | (%) |
| 10 | 9 | 17.8 | 16.1 | 16.8 | 12.3 | 42.8 | 53.6 |
| 9 | 8 | 15.8 | 14.3 | 15 | 10.9 | 38 | 47.6 |
| 8 | 7 | 13.9 | 12.5 | 13.1 | 9.5 | 33.3 | 41.7 |
| 7 | 6 | 11.9 | 10.7 | 11.2 | 8.2 | 28.5 | 35.7 |
| 6 | 5 | 9.9 | 9 | 9.4 | 6.8 | 23.8 | 29.8 |
| 5 | 4 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 5.4 | 19 | 23.8 |
| 4 | 3 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 4.1 | 14.3 | 17.9 |
| 3 | 2 | 4 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 9.5 | 11.9 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 4.8 | 6 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |



Fertility

- Heterosis (Hybrid Vigor)
 - Breed Complementarity
- Reproductive tract scoring
- 60-70% first service preg Rate
- 90-95% preg rate for season
- Cull Opens





Milking Ability

- Expected Progeny Differences
 - Milk EPD of Sire
 - Low or High Better?
- Do not select overly fat heifers
- Assess the mammary system
 - Even square teats
- Consider the Udder of the Dam





Disposition

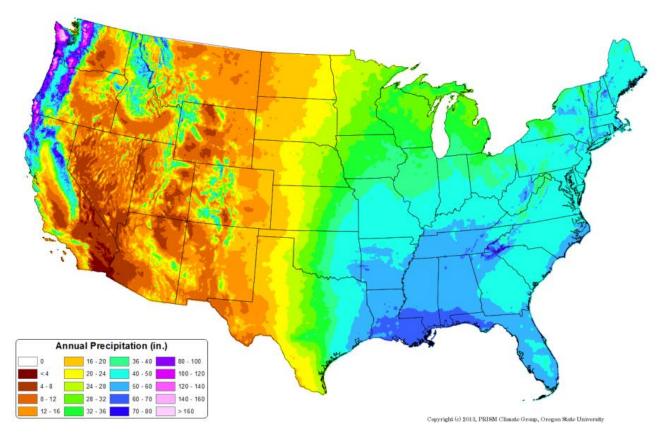
- Moderate to highly heritable.
- Culling heifers with bad dispositions will improve the ease of herd management, producer safety and conception rates.





Phenotype

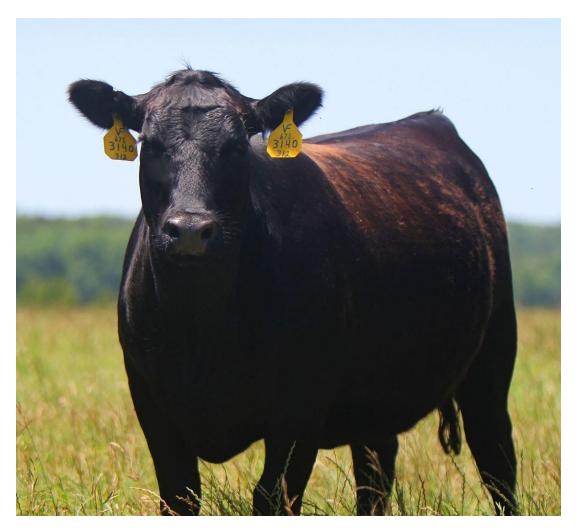
30-yr Normal Precipitation: Annual Period: 1981-2010





EXTENSION

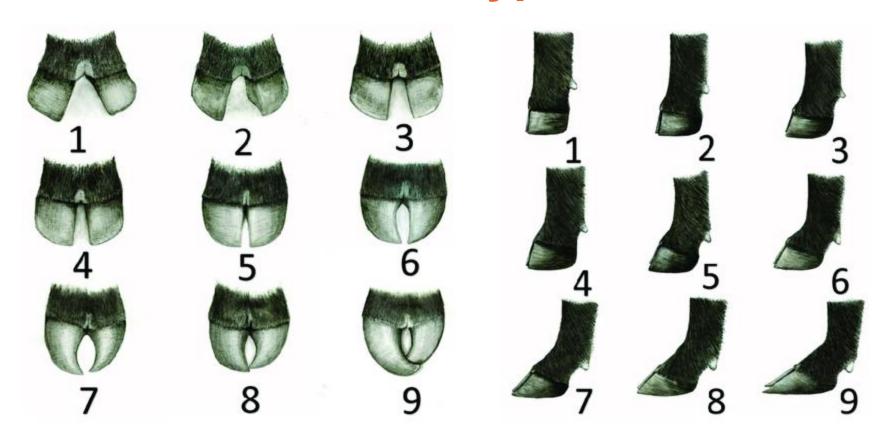
Phenotype







Phenotype





Growth Rate Target Weights

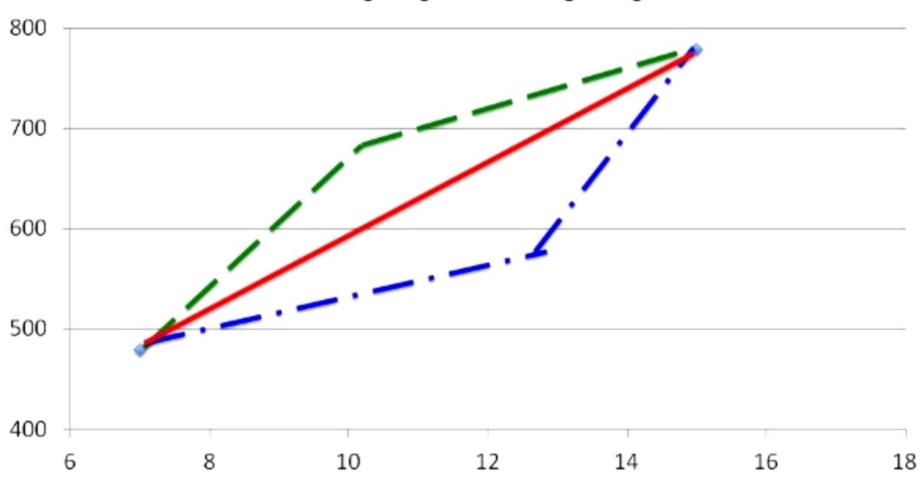




- Target breeding
- 14-15 months of age
- 55-65% of mature weight
 - ©Example
 - > 1400 lb mature weight
 - > 840 lb = 1400 x .60
 - > ADG 1.50
- Target Calving
- 23-24 months of age
- 80% of mature weight

Heifer Development Strategies

Reaching Target Breeding Weight



udder sensitive to excess condition: 4 to 10 m of age

Calving Ease

- Measuring the Pelvic Area (PA)
- As general rule of thumb, dividing the yearling PA by 2.1 indicates the size of calf (in pounds) she should be able to deliver unassisted.
 - PA of 175/2.1 = 83lb calf





Final Thoughts

- Selecting the oldest heifers has long been considered an effective method of identifying replacements
- Heifers must reach 65% of their mature weight by the start of the breeding season
- Cull <u>all</u> open heifers after the first breeding season

 Grow bred heifers adequately so that they are in the body condition score 6 at calving time



Questions?





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